At home with artist Theaster Gates

In our ongoing series, we go home, from home, with artists finding inspiration in isolation. This week, we reach American artist Theaster Gates at his home in Chicago to discuss new work for Gagosian’s Artist Spotlight series, and how, in recent times, he’s fallen back in love with making.

Harriet Lloyd-Smith

Theaster Gates’ new work, *A Mangled Passing*, 2019, comprising decommissioned fire hose contained in a metal cage made from reclaimed cyclone fencing. 139.7 x 137.2 x 19.1cm, revealed as part of Gates’ Gagosian Artist Spotlight on 12 June 2020. © Theaster Gates; Photography: Robert McKeever; Courtesy Gagosian

Bandleader, urban potter, neighbourhood reviver, archivist, university professor and art historian – these are just a few strings to the bow of the eclectic American artist Theaster Gates. Through his socially-engaged art, Gates explores race, territory, and the history of objects, interweaving these with African-American cultural histories and notions of Black space. He’s transformed derelict spaces into cultural hubs on Chicago’s South Side, offered banal objects room for reinterpretation and shone light on little-known or misunderstood historical narratives so we might better understand them. His wide-ranging output has included installation, discarded object assemblages, sculpture, painting, sonic exploration and ‘redemptive architecture’.

This week, as part of Gagosian’s online Artist Spotlight series, Gates is presenting new work in response to the Covid-19 pandemic, and in the process, offering a glimpse into his world as he prepares for his forthcoming exhibition, ‘Black Vessel’, at Gagosian New York this autumn.
We speak to Gates about unlikely sources of inspiration, paying attention to impulses, and the variety that keeps him alive. As he himself says, ‘we all have to do more.’

Wallpaper*: Where are you as we speak?

Theaster Gates: I’m currently sitting in my study at home. I have a really great sound system, my favourite turntable, and a collection of post-war contemporary art books that were given to me by a really wonderful couple named Susan and Lew Manilow. This is the space I come to when I get home – it’s a little bit like my man cave.
W*: Your multifaceted practice has involved everything from leading a band, giving new life to discarded objects, staging collective performances and even reviving a Chicago neighbourhood. Do you think it’s important to avoid categorisation in your work?

TG: I’m not preoccupied with avoiding categories. I know that there’s one train of thought, especially in the Western world, where you do one thing and you do it well. Maybe this train of thought is the most efficient, or seemingly the most lucrative, but I like to listen to myself and pay attention to the impulses I have. From those impulses, I feel compelled to mature my ideas. It’s almost like planting a bunch of different seeds and watching them grow. Whether I’m making music, paintings, or proposals for land use, I feel like it’s all coming from the same place, even though sometimes the projects seem vastly different. The variety keeps me alive and keeps me really excited.

W*: Your work often confronts assumptions about value and class, and issues around under-represented and under-resourced communities. In what ways can art be harnessed as a tool for social transformation?

TG: The practice tends to reflect the things around me, and when those things around me are beautiful and audacious, I’m happy to amplify them. When they are things that need critique and open reflection, I’m always asking myself how can I participate in that open conversation. Again, art isn’t a tool for transformation, but sometimes when the challenges of the everyday confront you, there’s an opportunity to use your will and energy against those challenges. Often the transformation is a by-product of just working hard to solve problems. We all have to do more.
W*: Which artists, writers or musicians have had the greatest impact on you?

TG: The question of musicians, artists, and writers is so interesting because they’re probably unlikely suspects. In terms of musicians, I’ve spent a lot of time with René McLean. We were both in South Africa around the same time, and he invited me to be in his band while I was in Cape Town. He is the son of Jackie McLean, and they followed the legacy of Sonny Rollins and Ornette Coleman, wind instrumentalists who have played an important role in my life. I also think a lot about Terri Lyne Carrington, who is one of the most caring people I’ve ever met, and a really phenomenal drummer. I listen to Esperanza Spalding’s music all the time, and she continues to be a light in my life, as does the pop singer Corinne Bailey Rae. These are all living artists who are important to me. Then there are the greats: James Brown, John Cage, the house music performer Jamie Principle, and Sylvester.

On the art side, it’s slightly more complicated. When I first entered the art world, I was thinking about craft masters like Peter Voulkos and Shōji Hamada. Then my world grew to include Eva Hesse, Louise Bourgeois, Elizabeth Catlett, Lee Bontecou, Brancusi, Duchamp, and Martin Puryear. I’ve had the privilege of getting to know Kerry James Marshall, Chris Ofili, Lynette Yiadom-Boakye, and Njideka Akunyili Crosby, who are all really important living artists who continue to inspire me.

I really love Gertrude Stein and Gwendolyn Brooks’ earlier work. The period writing of Amiri Baraka and Lorraine Hansberry also really influenced me.

W*: What is the most challenging project you’ve worked on to date?
TG: My exhibition ‘Amalgam’ at the Palais de Tokyo felt like my most important feat, like a kind of complicated opera. It happened when the administration at Palais de Tokyo was shifting, but it remains one of my favourite projects. Thinking about the history of mixed-race people and allowing this island in Maine to be the stand-in for this work was really important.

*Top, Theaster Gates’ Island Modernity Institute and Department of Tourism, 2019. Created for his solo exhibition, ‘Amalgam’ at Palais de Tokyo, Paris, the installation comprises traditional African artefacts, made-up archival documents and obsolete mementos. It relates to Malaga Island in Maine, which had been home to a black and mixed race community that was forcibly evicted in 1911. © Theaster Gates; Photography: Jon Lowe; Courtesy the artist and Gagosian.*

*Bottom, Installation view of Theaster Gates’ 12 Ballads for Huguenot House at Documenta 13, 2012. Taking over an abandoned hotel in Kassel, Germany, the artist imagined its restoration with labour and materials from an abandoned building on Chicago’s South Side. © Theaster Gates; Photography: Mira Starke; Courtesy the artist and Gagosian*

W*: Which career moment will you never forget?

TG: My participation in Documenta 13 [in 2012], where I did a project called 12 Ballads for Huguenot House with the curator Carolyn Christov-Bakargiev. It was definitely the first time that I had an international platform, and it felt like the entire art world and non-art world was in Kassel, Germany to see the show. I was so in my element. I had the opportunity to manage a team, perform, and meet people like Francis Alÿs and Francesco Bonami, which made me really happy. I feel like I grew a lot from that project, and it settled the anxiety I was developing around
whether or not the work mattered in the world. Documenta 13 was one of the greatest experiences of my life.

W*: Can you talk us through the work you’re presenting for Gagosian’s Artist Spotlight series?

TG: We wanted to try to let people into my world. The spaces that I inhabit, the process and the thinking that governs how I make art, and then glimpses at what studio life is like – from the clay studio to the kilns, to the varying shops. In a way, it feels like an opportunity for Gagosian to present my work, but also an opportunity for me to present myself to an American community that maybe knows more about my social life than my artistic practice. We tried to pack a lot into four or five minutes.

W*: Have recent circumstances changed the way in which you work?

TG: I would say that recent circumstances have changed the way I’m making, in that I actually have time to be present in my studio every day, and permission to withdraw and retreat. As a result of that, I feel like the ideas are maturing at a faster rate, and the quiet time is giving me the headspace I need to make better work.

W*: What’s the most interesting thing you’ve read, watched or listened to in the last month?

TG: In terms of things that I’m reading, I tend to be pretty broad. There’s André Malraux’s The Voices of Silence, an old school classic. I’m also reading a biography on Herbert Read, and digging into Donald Judd and the history of the Chinati Foundation. I also just got a monograph on Meleko Mokgosi. Nina Sun Eidsheim’s The Race of Sound: Listening, Timbre, and Vocality in African American Music is a really compelling read.

W*: During the period of social distancing, have you developed any new interests?

TG: I’ve fallen in love with making again.

*Shot in recent weeks for Gagosian’s Artist Spotlight series, this video shows Theaster Gates in his Chicago studio, preparing for his upcoming New York exhibition ‘Black Vessel’. Artwork: © Theaster Gates. Video: Chris Strong. Video editing and postproduction: Parallax Postproduction